

Physics 102 - September 14, 2009

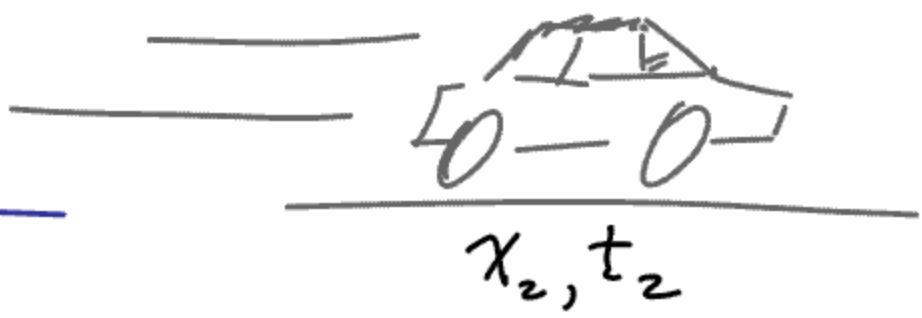
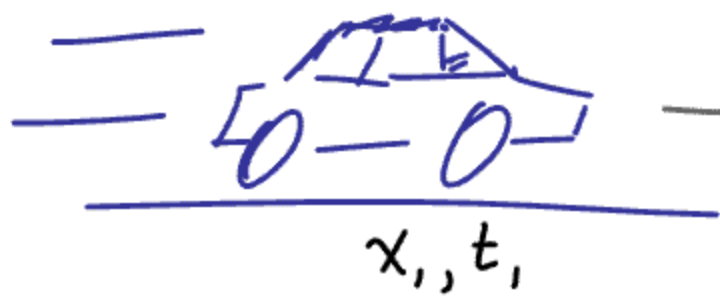
▀ Reading Posted

▀ Recitations Start Today

Last Time

Nature of Science

Science  
bows  
before  
Experiment

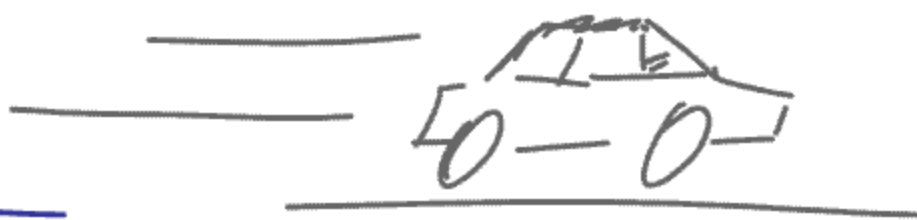


$$\frac{x_2 - x_1}{t_2 - t_1} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} = \text{Average Speed}$$

+ direction  $\rightarrow$  Ave. velocity



$v_3, t_3$



$v_4, t_4$

Ave. Acceleration

$$\frac{v_4 - v_3}{t_4 - t_3} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = a$$

$x, v, a, t$  Kinematic variables



# Newton's Laws

## I: Law of inertia

A body persists in its state of motion unless acted on by an external net force.

## II: Force law

The acceleration of an object is proportional to the net force applied to it and inversely proportional to the mass of the object

$$\Sigma \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

## III: Law of Action and Reaction

For every action there is an equal and opposite reaction

# Newton's Laws + Kinematical def.

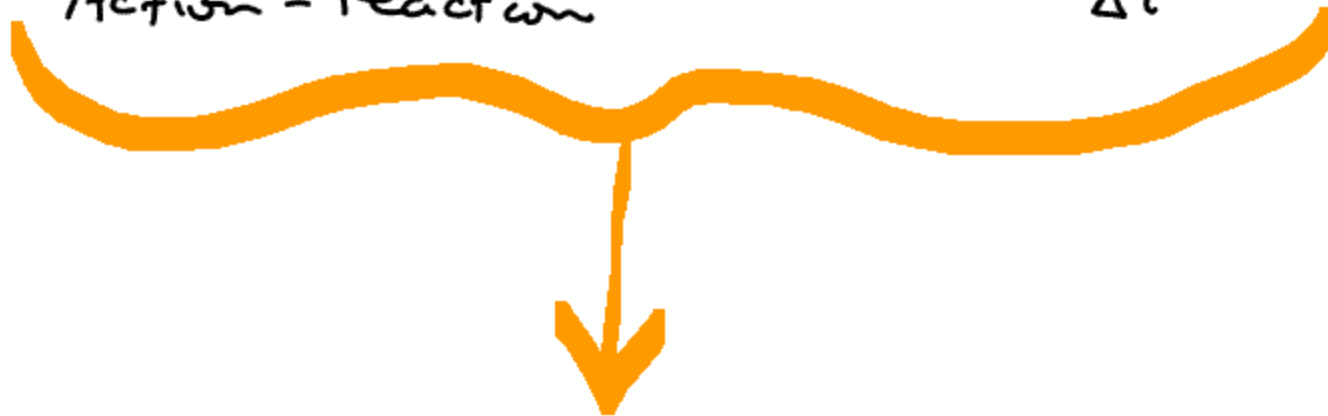
Inertia

$$v = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$$

$F = ma$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$$

Action - reaction

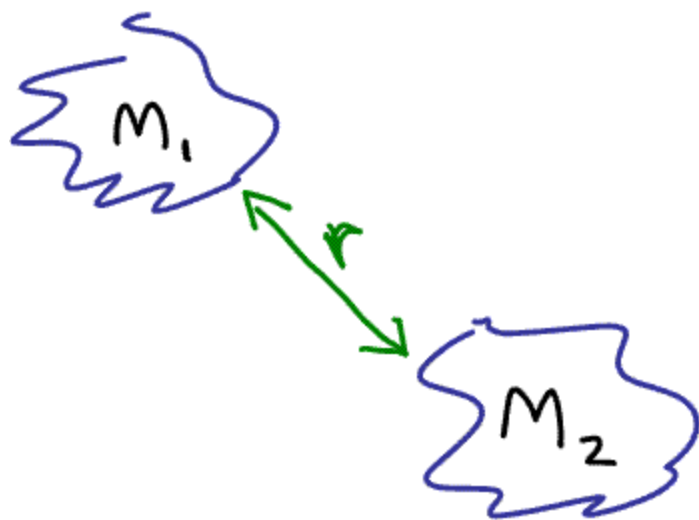


Make calculations/predictions  
of motions of objects under  
the influence of forces

**Deterministic Universe**

gravitation

$$F_{\text{grav}} = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$



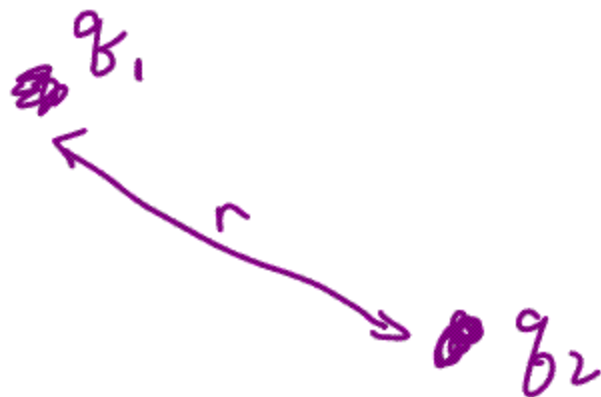
Attractive

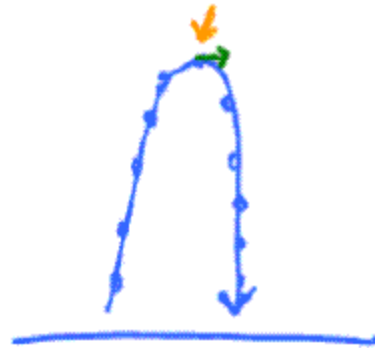
Electromagnetic  
Force

(Electrostatic force)

Coulomb's law

$$F_{\text{em}} = k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2}$$





Battery tossed in air



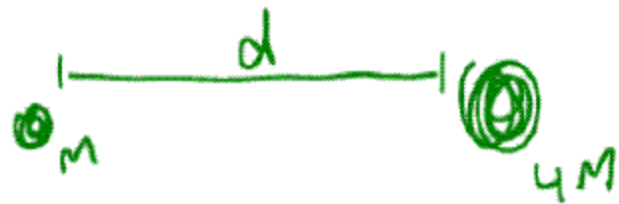
$$F = ma$$

$F$  same,  $a$  same all pts

Newton's laws of  
Motion can  
be subtle

Two stars a distance  $d$  apart  
Star ① has mass  $m$   
Star ② has mass  $4m$

How does the gravitational attraction of Star ①  
for Star ② compare to the grav. attraction  
of Star ② for Star ①?



Action reaction  
forces the same