

Physics 100 - January 26, 2009

- Recitations
 - Start this week
 - Calculator helpful
 - Copy of recitation problems
 - Spirit of recitation
- Probset 1
- Lecture Notes

Ave Speed = $\frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$ (no direction)

Ave Velocity = $\frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$ with direction information

Ave Acceleration = $\frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$ (has a direction)

$x, v, a, t \rightarrow$ Kinematic Variables

Average vs. instantaneous

Newton's Laws

I: Law of Inertia

A body persists in its state of motion unless acted on by an external net force.

II: Force Law

The acceleration of an object is proportional to the net force applied to it and inversely proportional to the mass of the object

$$\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

III: Law of Action and Reaction

For every action there is an equal and opposite reaction

Newton's Laws + kinematical definitions

Inertia

$$v = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$$

$$F = ma$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$$

Action-reaction



Allows us to make detailed calculations/predictions of how objects respond/move under the influence of forces

Deterministic
universe

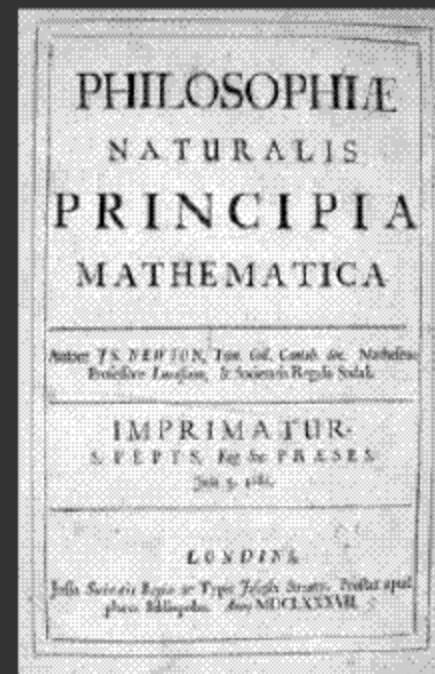
Sir Issac Newton



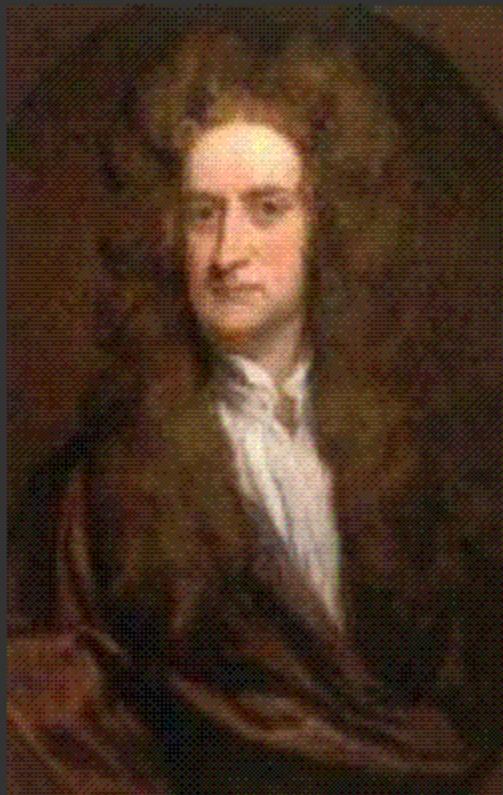
1643-1727

Optics, mechanics, gravitation, calculus

Born in Lincolnshire, England
Cambridge University
Philosophie Naturalis Principia Mathematica



Sir Issac Newton



1643-1727

Newtonian physics

Newtonian universe

Includes everything but ...

Electromagnetism

Quantum mechanics

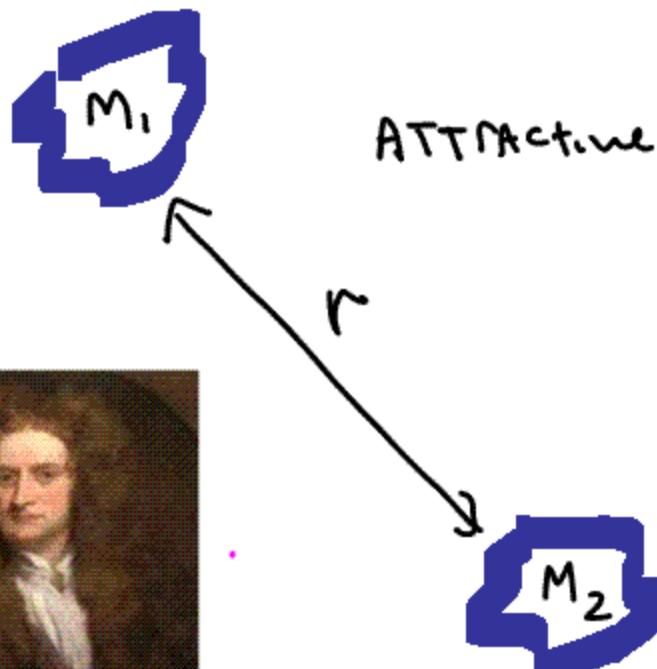
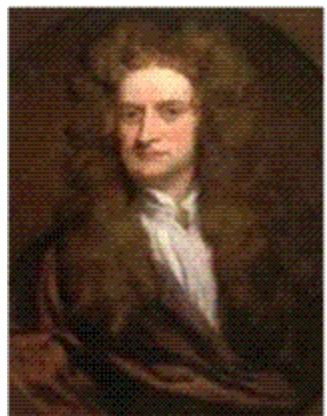
Mechanics of extreme
velocities or extreme density

gravitation

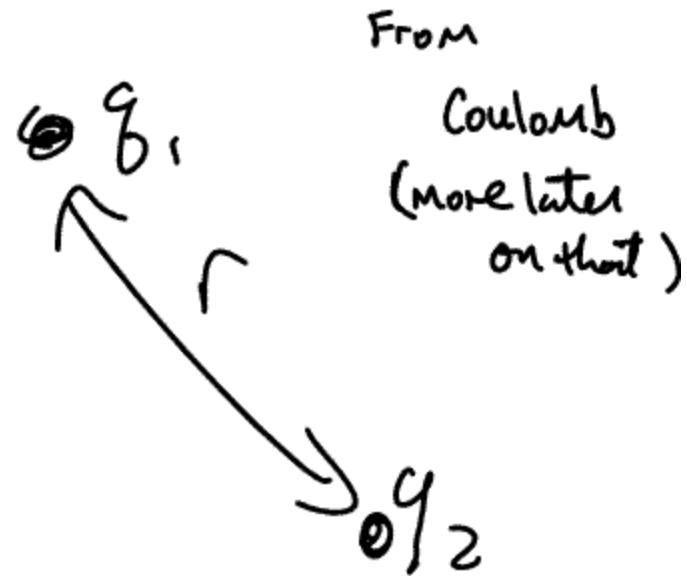
$$F_{\text{grav}} = \frac{G M_1 M_2}{r^2}$$

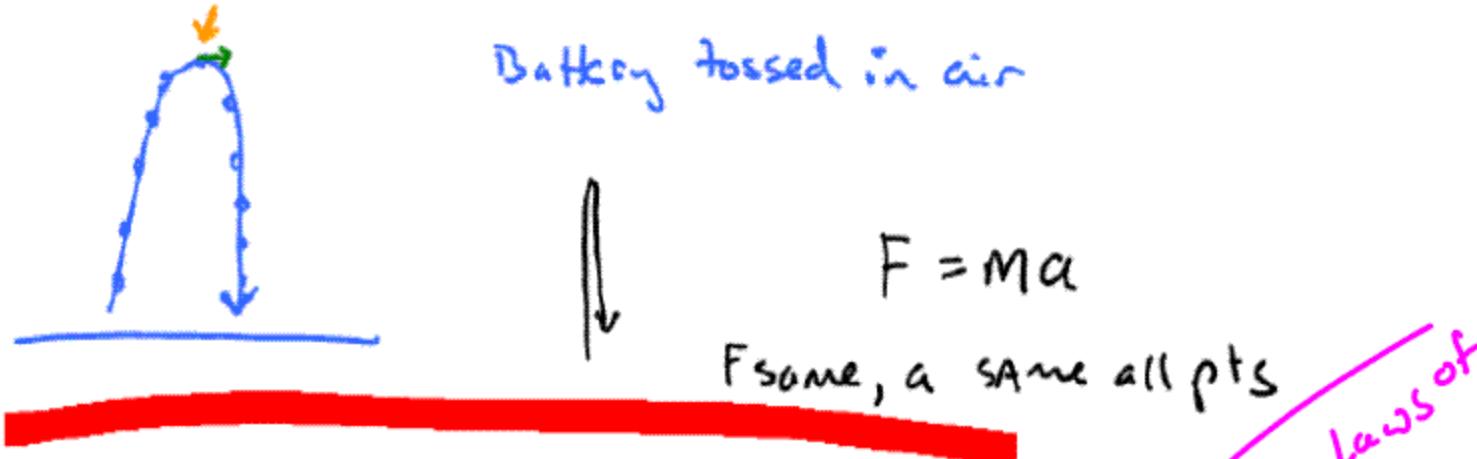
Electromagnetic
Force

$$F = \frac{k q_1 q_2}{r^2}$$



Isaac Newton





Two stars a distance d apart

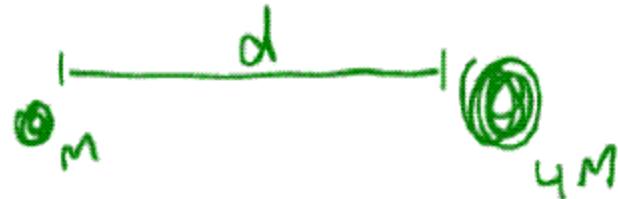
Star ① has mass M

Star ② has mass $4M$

Newton's laws of motion can be subtle

How does the gravitational attraction of Star ①

for Star ② compare to the grav. attraction
of Star ② for Star ①?



Action reaction
forces the same

What is the "Essence" of the force ??
Who knows . . . Let's play Pretend

gravitational field

At each point in Space

gravitational Force
Mass

(Magnitude + direction)

That would be felt by
a little test mass at
that Point



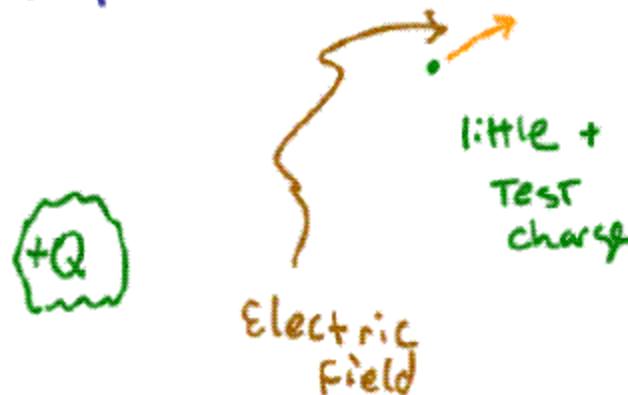
Electric field

At each point in Space

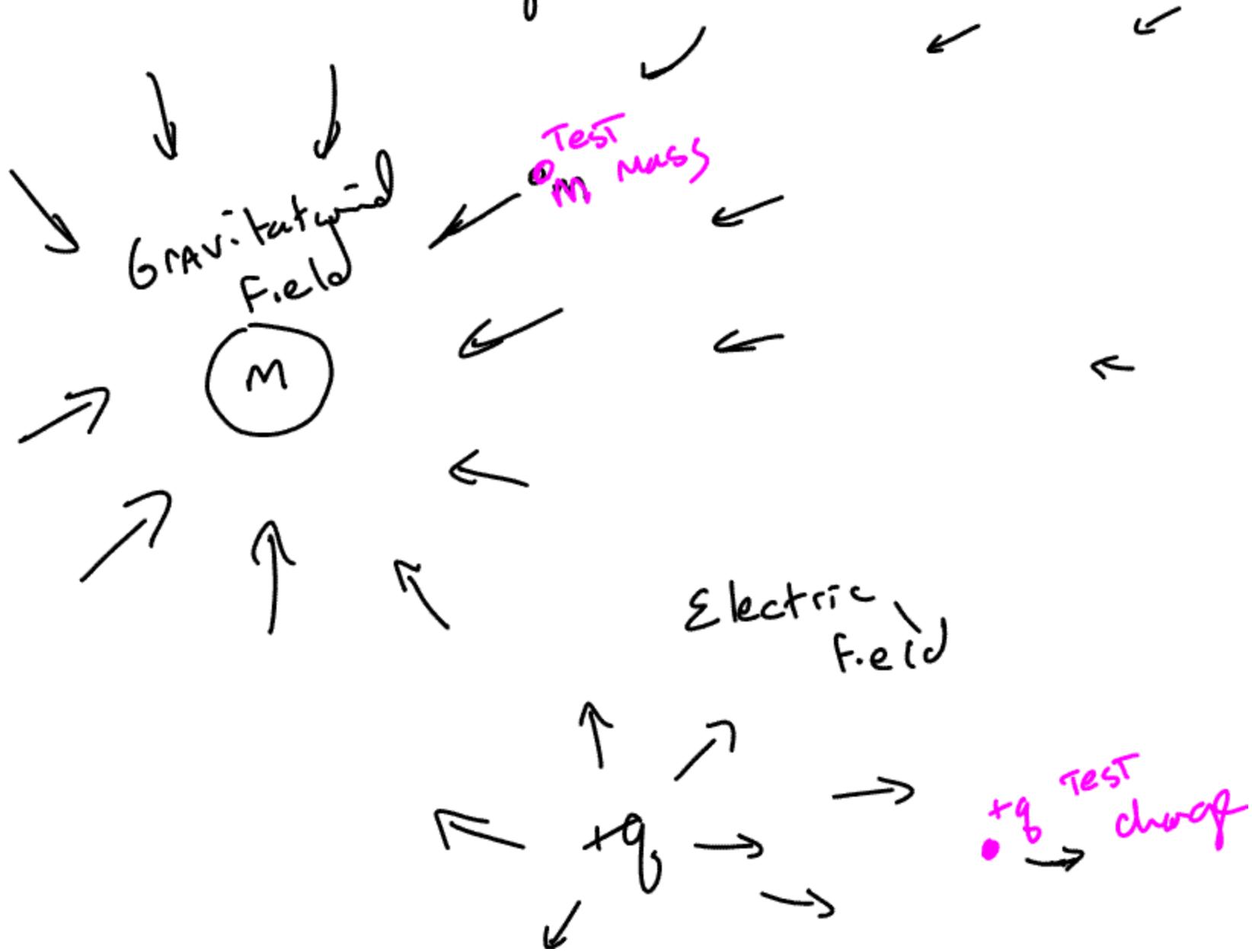
Electric Force
charge

(Magnitude + direction)

That would be felt by
a little + test charge at
that Point



Field concept



Field concept

