

Physics 100 - November 19, 2007



■ No class on
Wed., Nov. 21

Have a great
Thanksgiving Break!

■ Presentations
*1st come
1st served*

- Dec 3
- Dec 5
- Dec 10
- Dec 12

2 per day
20 min + disc./quest.

- GPS
- Nucl. Bombs
- Nucl. Terrorism
- Music
- Asteroids + Extinct.
- Historical figure
- Cosm. Micro. Backgrnd

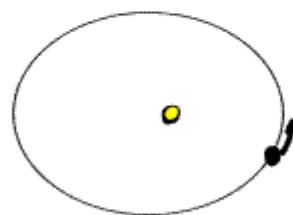
Pages 8-26 in Hobson - nice brief review
of highlights of human view of
universe and Earth's place in it



Tycho Brahe
1546-1601
(Dane)
careful observations
of positions
of Sun, Moon, planets



Sir Isaac Newton
1643-1727
(England)



Johannes Kepler
1571-1630 (German)
Elliptical orbits
Kepler's 3 laws of
planetary motion

universal law of gravitation

$$F = \frac{GM_1 M_2}{r^2}$$

+

Laws of Motion

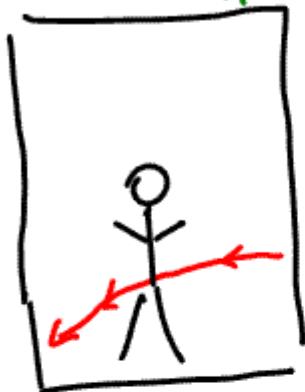
derived Kepler's
3 laws of planetary motion

Equivivalence of gravity \Leftarrow

Means grav. field must curve spacetime

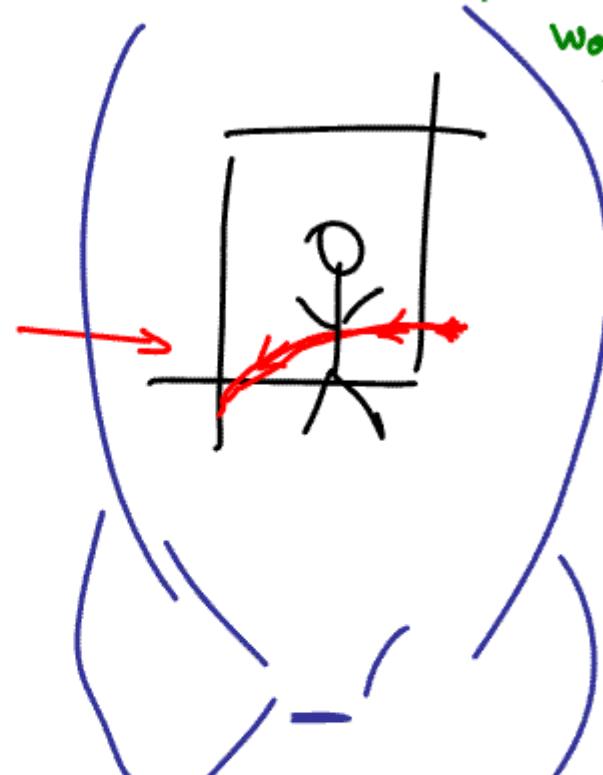


Along came Einstein



Earth

In accelerated rocket ship case, light would seem to travel on curved path



Accel.
 $\uparrow 1g$

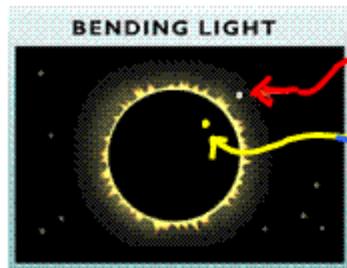
General Theory
of Relativity

grav = Accel. frame

light moves on a geodesic

Shortest dist. between two points

So, Einstein interprets gravitation as a curvature of spacetime



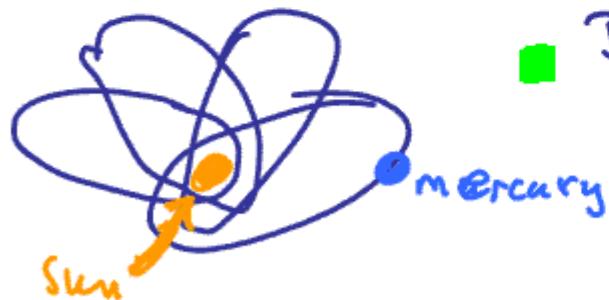
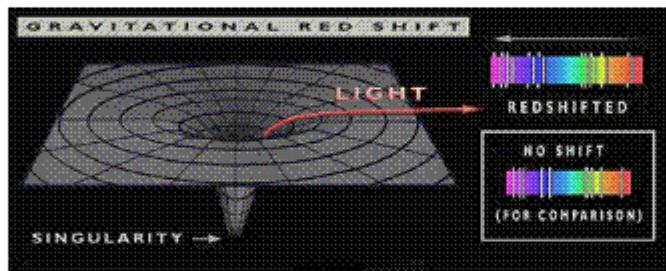
Apparent position

- Bending of light by gravitational field



Actual
Position

- Gravitational Redshift of light



- Perihelion advance of Mercury



- Gravitational Waves

Amplitude $\sim 10^{-16}$ m

LIGO



Not quite the same thing

Cosmology

Scientific Study of the large scale structure of the universe — attempt to understand the origin, evolution and fate of the universe

http://wmap.gsfc.nasa.gov/m_uni.html

good online reference
for this class

Cosmetology

The business of being a beautician - The treatment of skin, hair and nails

<http://careerplanning.about.com/cs/occupations/p/cosmetology.htm>

while we're at it ...

Astronomy



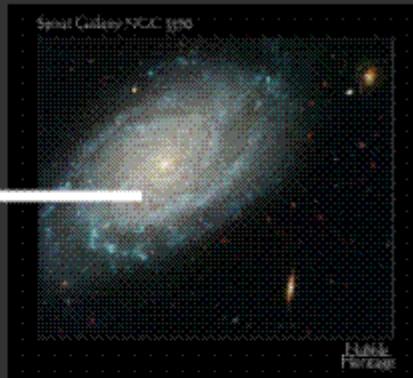
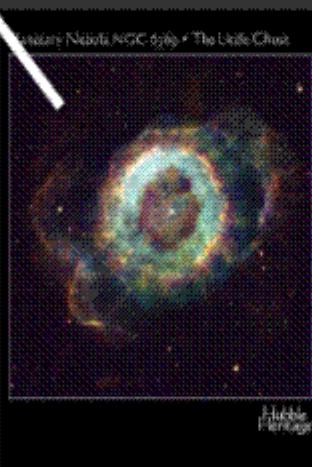
Astrology

light travels at a finite speed

On to the very big ...



Telescopes are
time machines

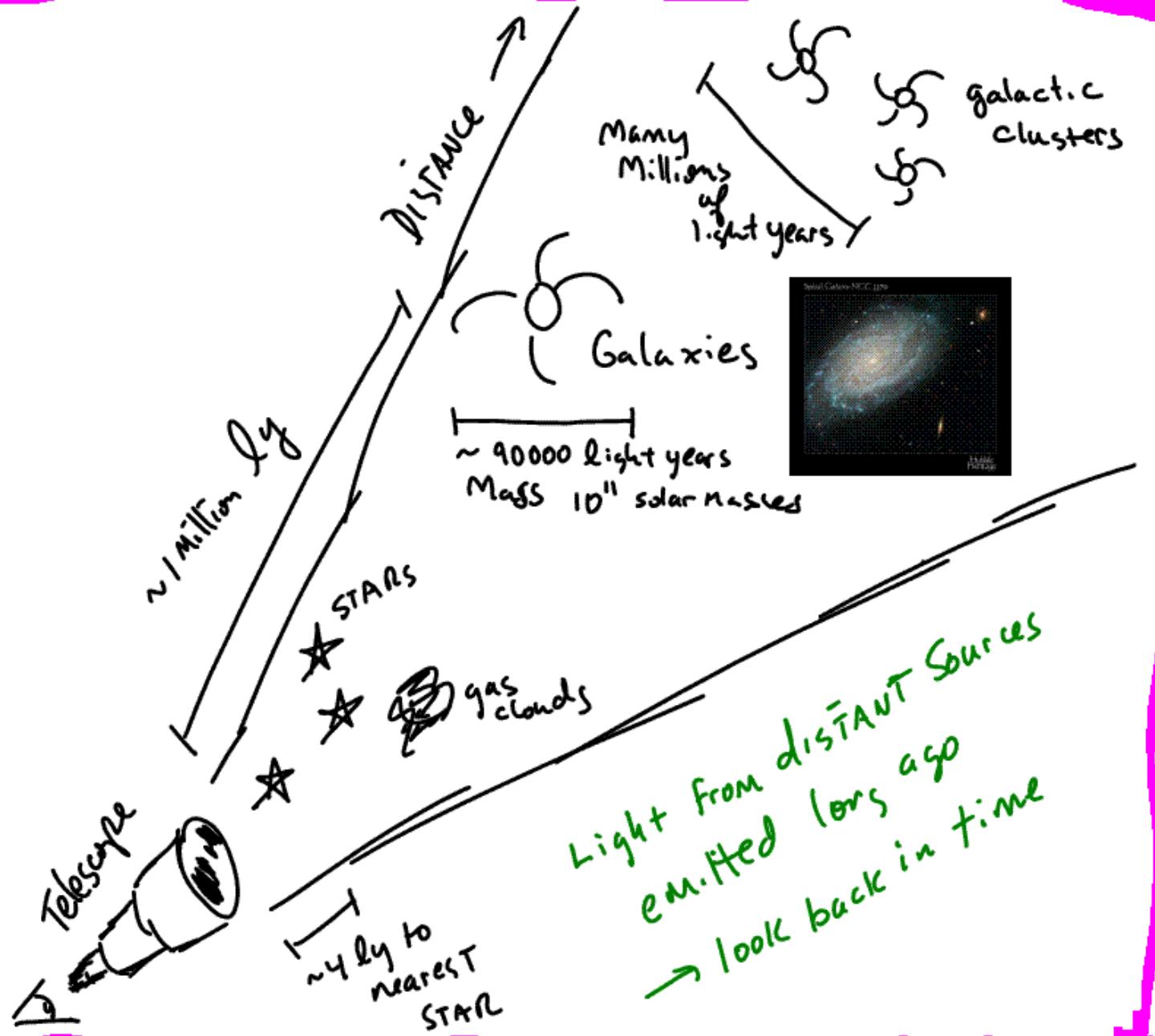


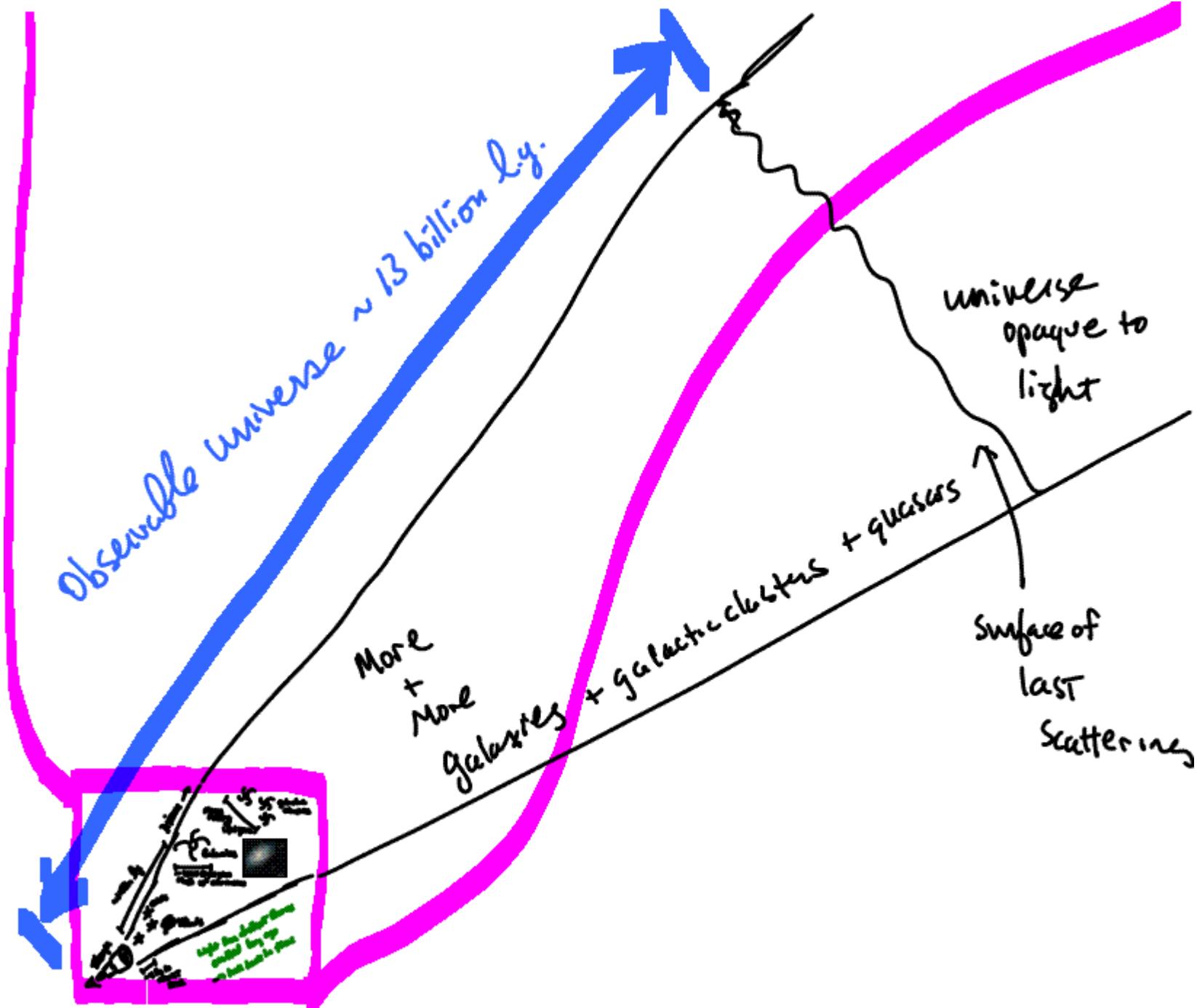
$1 \text{ Mpc} = 1 \text{ Megaparsec} = 3 \times 10^{22} \text{ m}$

$1 \text{ light year} = 9 \times 10^{15} \text{ m}$

Light travels from NYC to San Francisco in 1/100 second
.... and it travels 1 Mpc in 3 million years

Farther A-way, the object ... longer ago light emitted.







**Edwin Hubble (1889-1953)
discovers a surprise in 1929**

**Galaxies that are further away
appear redder**

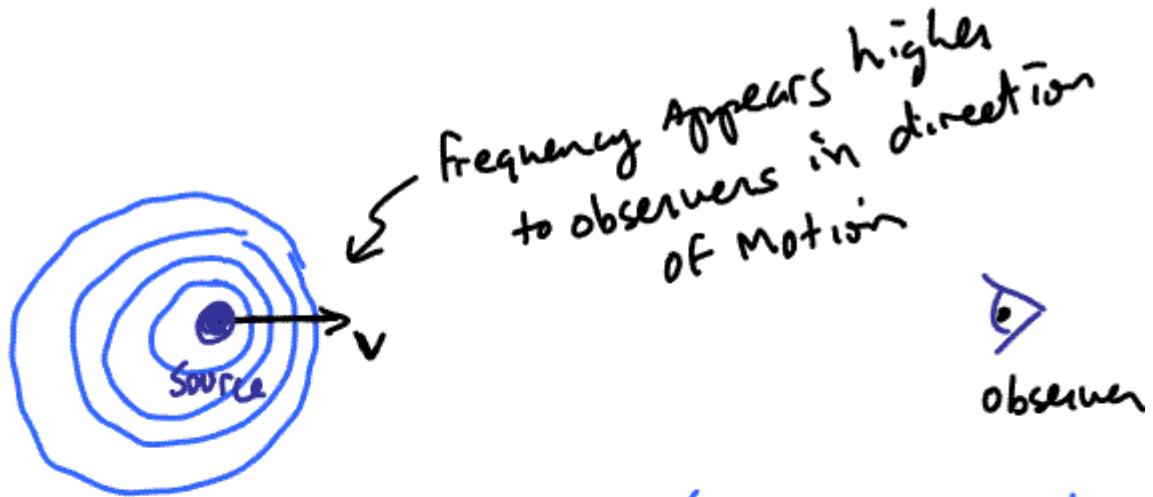
Apparent Doppler shift

check out doppler shift applet :

http://galileoandeinstein.physics.virginia.edu/more_stuff/flashlets/doppler.htm

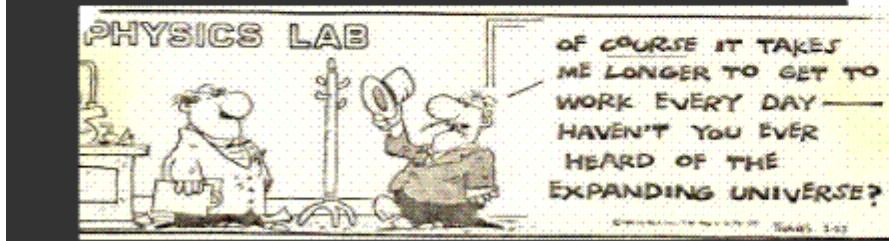
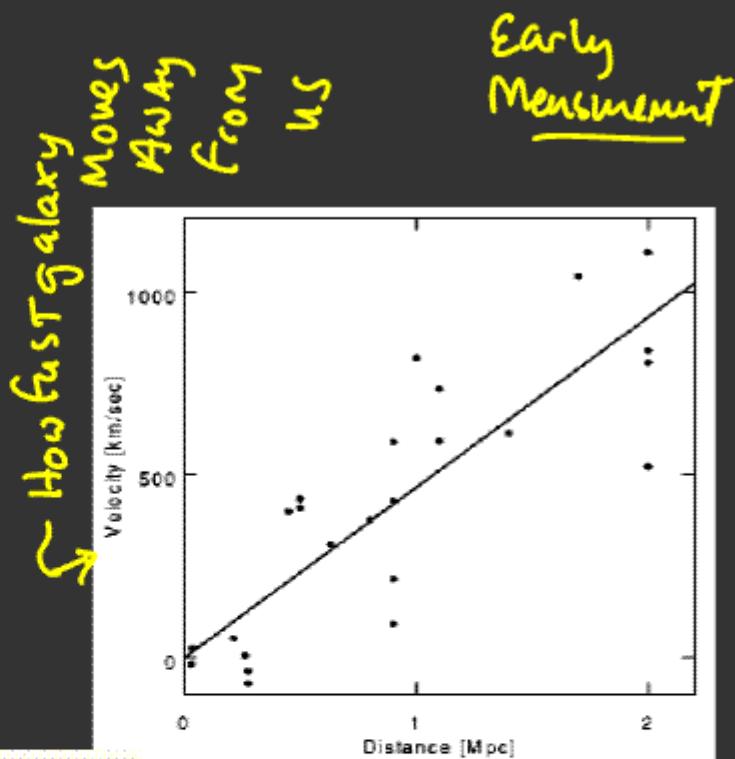
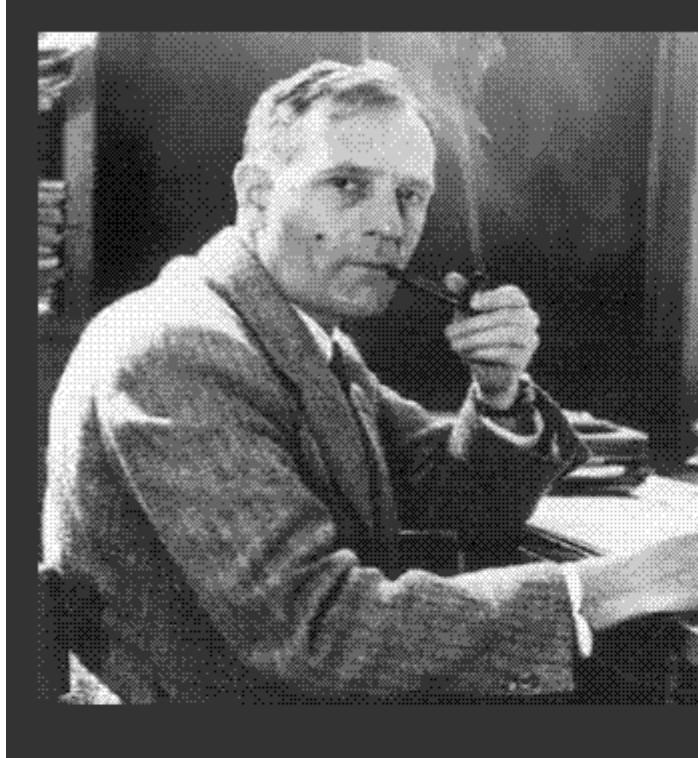
"Redshifted light"

frequency appears lower to objects in direction away from direction of motion



"Blueshifted light"

larger v — larger the red and blue shifts.



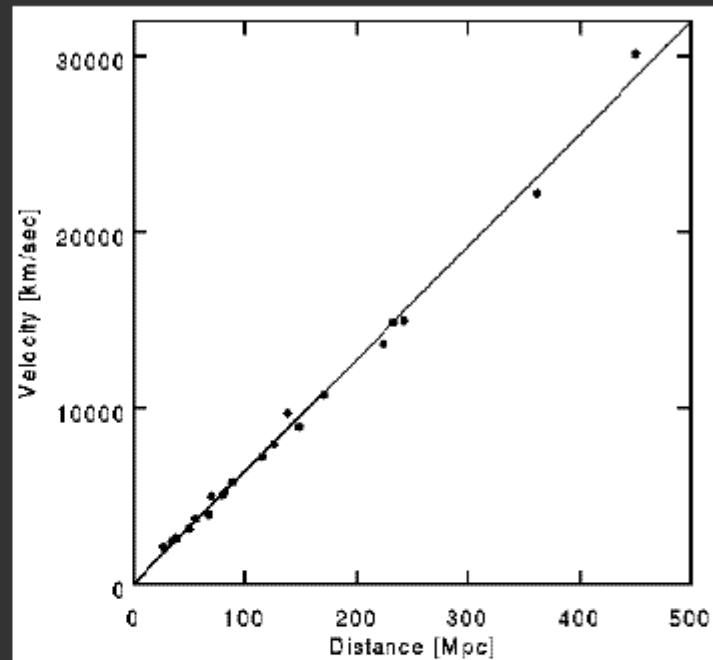
↑
Distance to galaxy

Hubble notes that the galaxies all recede from us
... more distant galaxies recede from us faster

Light travels from NYC to San Francisco in 1/100 second
.... and it travels 1 Mpc in 3 million years

Welcome to the
“expanding universe”!!

extrapolate back in
time find the age of the
universe \rightarrow 13 billion
years.



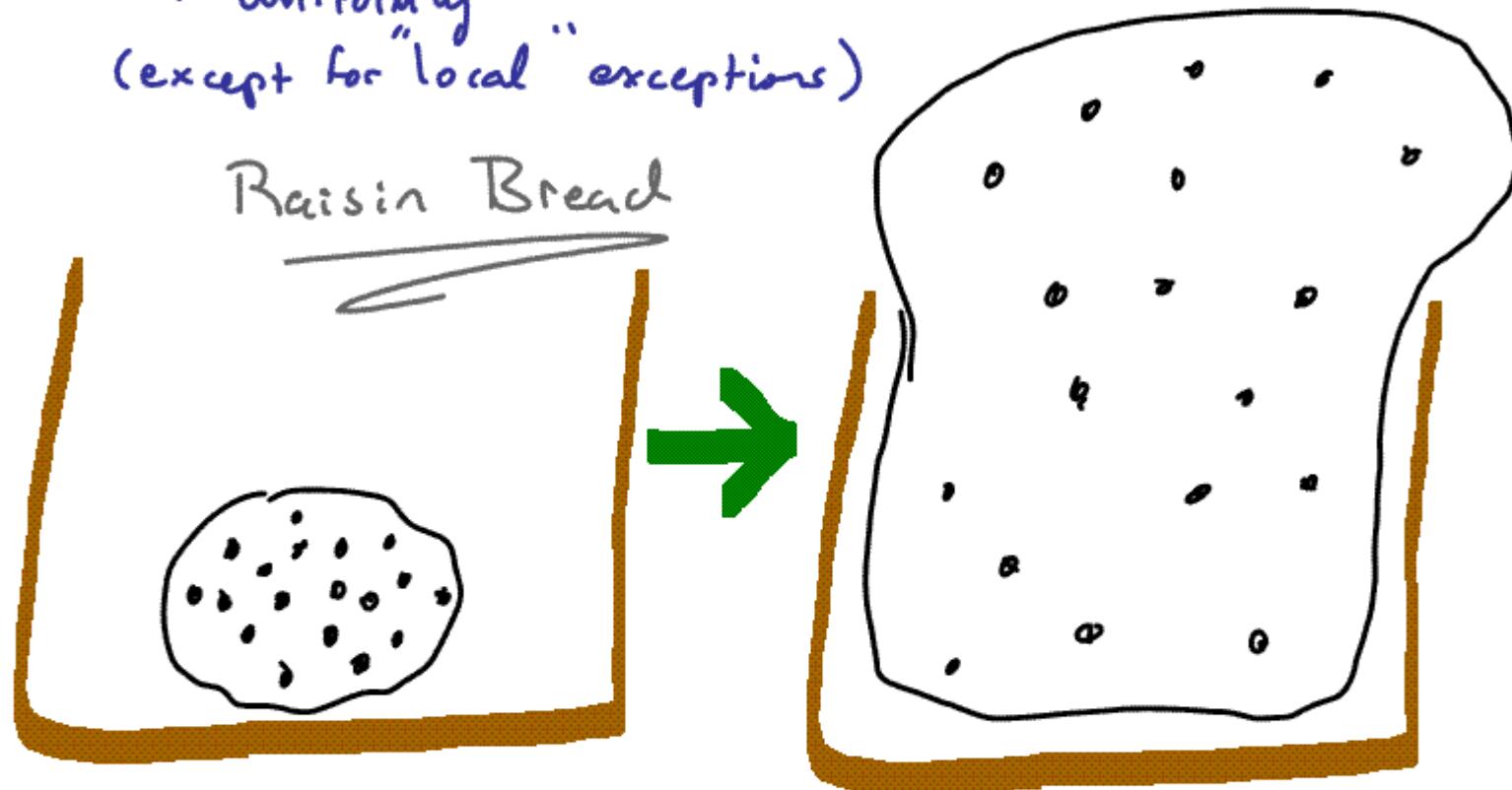
Type Ia SNe from Riess, Press and Kirshner (1996)

more modern data . . . looking at galaxies much farther away
Space in the universe is expanding !

Think of raisin bread or dots on balloon .

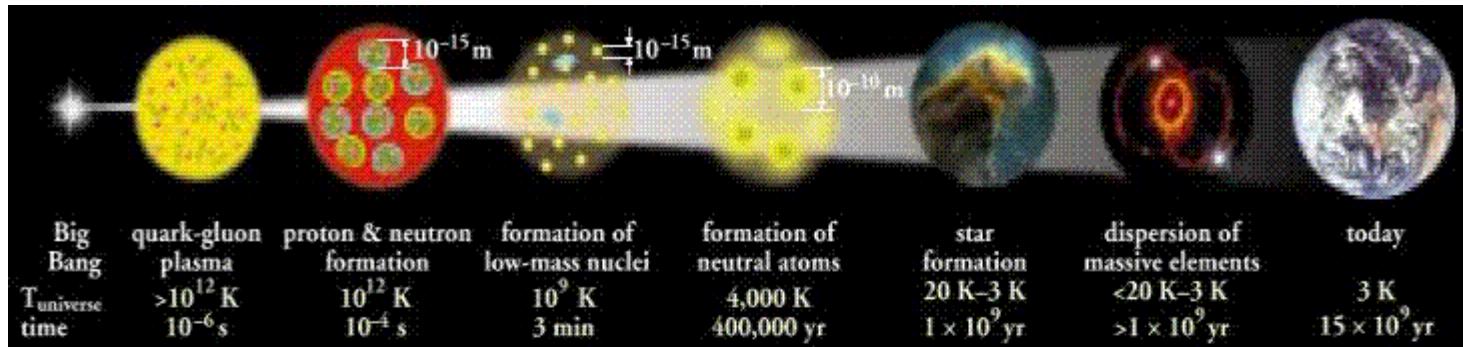
Galaxies Receding in all directions

~Uniformly
(except for "local" exceptions)



No need to think our galaxy is at center
of universe.

Expansion of space makes effect same to all
observers throughout universe.



Hot Big Bang predicts this

light should travel to us from time $\sim 400 \text{ K yr}$
to now - - - massively redshifted

$$t = 4000 \text{ K} \longrightarrow t = 4 \text{ K}$$

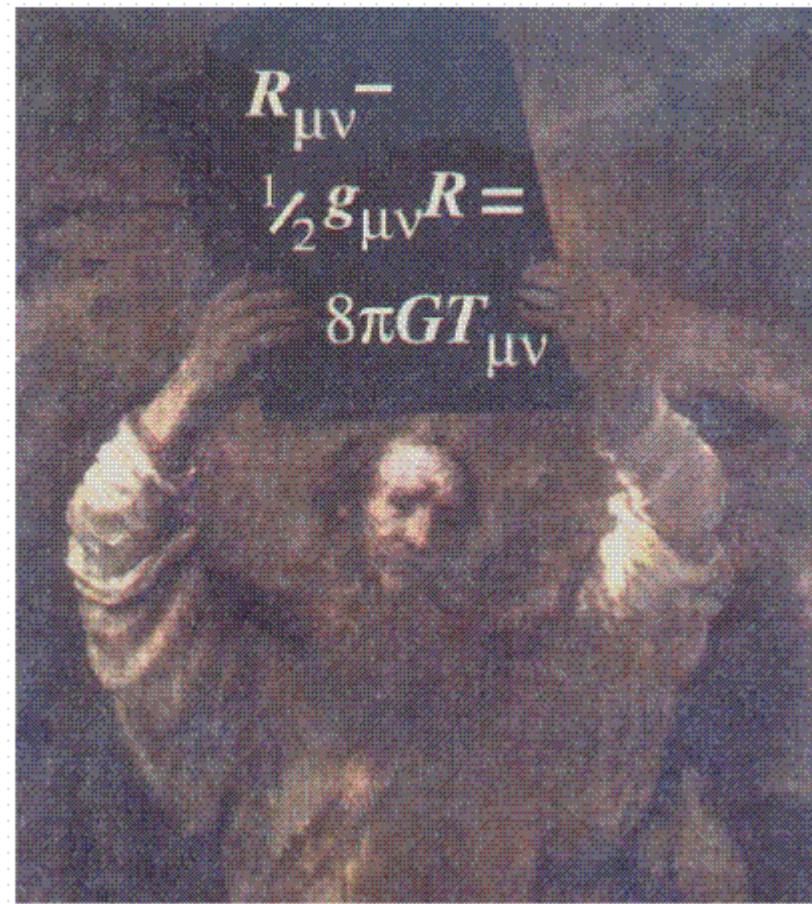
"perfect Blackbody"

Should come to us from all directions

"CMB"

Cosmic
Microwave
Background

Why Believe? ...

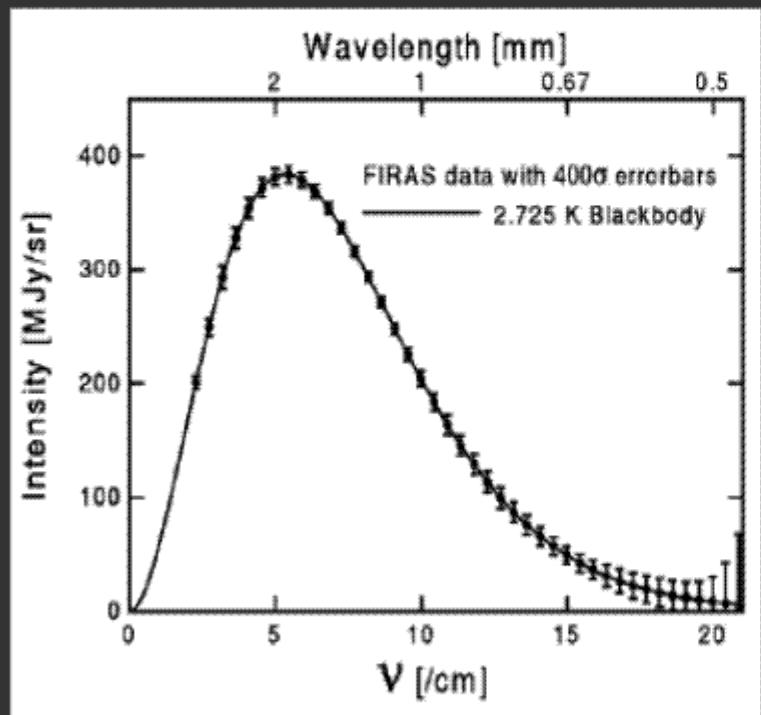


- R. Kolb

Evidence for Big Bang

Cosmic Microwave Background

Penzias and Wilson - 1964

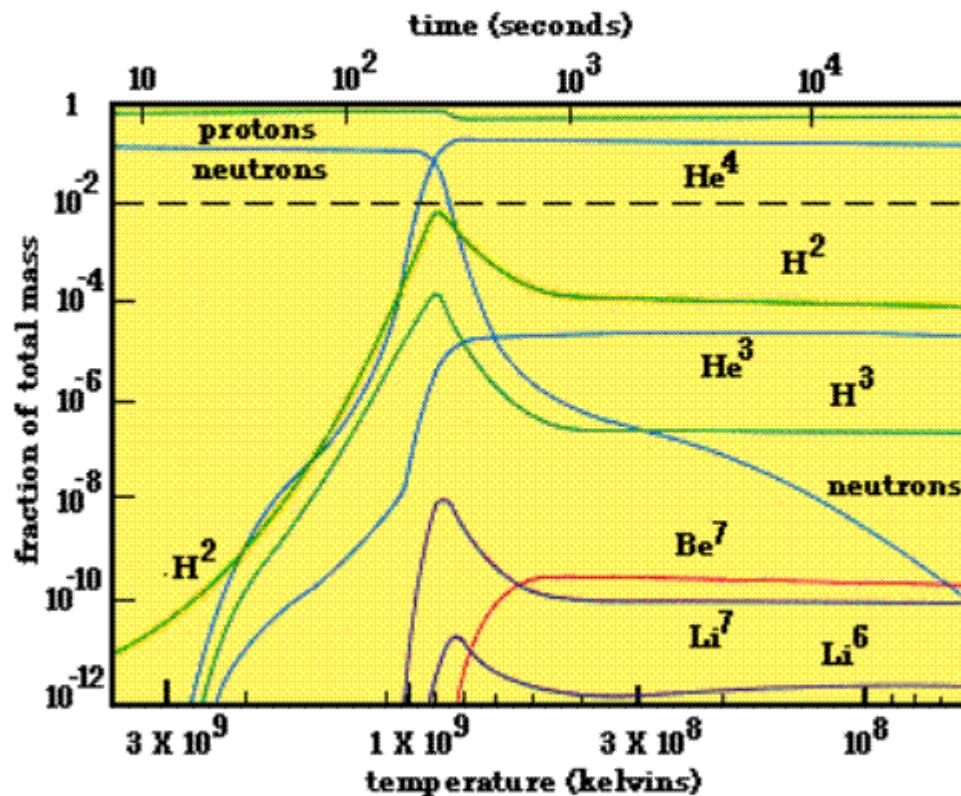


Uniform and isotropic
– in as far as they could measure

1978 Nobel Prize

Big Bang Nucleosynthesis

$t \approx 100$ seconds



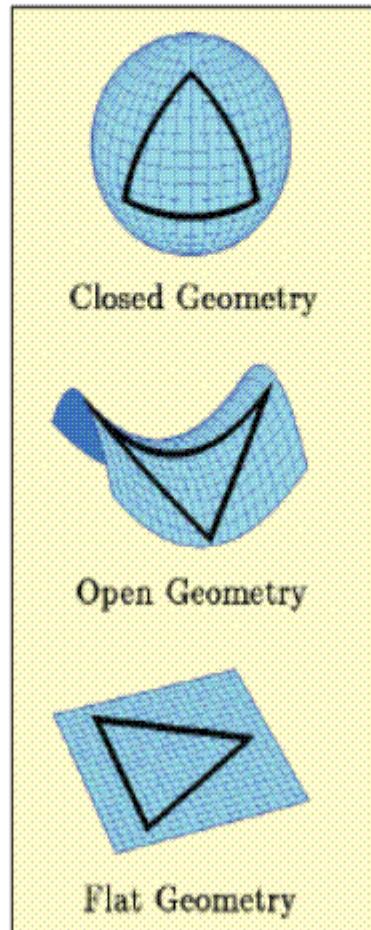
<http://www.astro.ucla.edu/~wright/BBNS.html>

We see ~expected distribution of light nuclei in universe.

Problems w/ Big Bang

non static universe expected from Relativity

Relativity allows space to have different curved geometries?
Which is our universe?
Flat space is a very special case!



Sum of angles in triangle

$$> 180^\circ$$

$$< 180^\circ$$

$$= 180^\circ$$